The Track Record

The International Bigfoot Society™ Newsletter
A subsidiary of the Western Bigfoot Society™

This publication is made possible by Searching for Bigfoot, Inc., Tom Biscardi, and the team www.searchingforbigfoot.com
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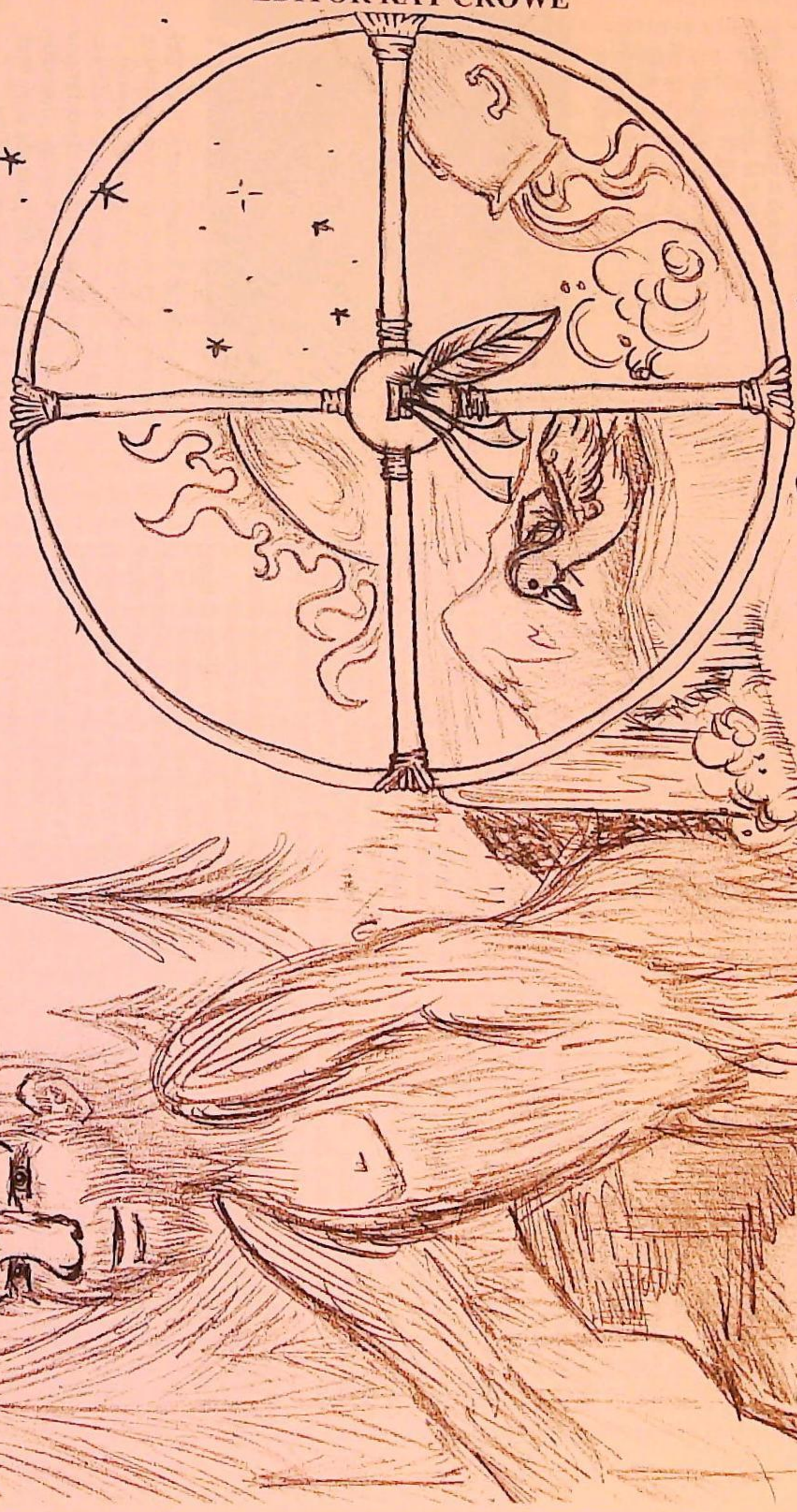
EDITOR RAY CROWE



21:2, October 2005
ed Beth Robbins, Richmond Heights, Ohio

Reptoid spotted in Northern Greece

Villagers in a suburb of Katerini, a small city at the foot of Mount Olympus in northern Greece, claimed to have seen a brown Reptoid prowling around their homes.

The report came on the heels of persistent reports of silvery UFOs in the skies over that stretch of the Aegean Sea coast, from Katerini to Thessaloniki.

Residents of the Katerini area are wondering if the Reptoid is a scout for an alien race. Or if it is perhaps an escaped prisoner or slave from a long rumored alien underground base on Mount Olympus.

"I would like to report numerous UFO sightings in northern Greece," correspondent Yannis Loannou announced. "There were four witnesses - my father, age 60; my mother, age 55; my sister, 33; and my cousin, 40.

"My cousin Danae Metaxas and her husband Spiro, saw the entity numerous times inside their house. They also tried to capture it, but the Reptoid moved very fast, and it appeared to have the ability to disappear suddenly," Yannis said.

Danae and her husband described the creature as very short (only about 3 feet tall), with reptilian brown skin and white hair. The couple were so terrified by what they saw that they sought help from the religious community. They think the creature was some type of demon.

Villagers say they see UFOs at night and often during the day. They are described as looking "like spheres made of mirror". They are very shiny, make no sound and move very fast. Too fast, witnesses say to grab a camera and photograph them.

Throughout the area, Yannis said, there are "persistent rumors that there is an underground base on Mount Olympus. Many magazines have done feature stories regarding the matter. And credible researchers like Greek Ufologist Mr. Hardavelas have produced documentaries trying to reveal the truth."

Yannis is continuing his investigation into his family's sighting and is looking for more individuals who may have seen the Reptoid.

(CR: *UFO Roundup*, J. Trainor, Vol. 10, No. 24, Jun. 15, 2005)

Sasquatch reported in Yukon

A group of people in the Yukon community of Teslin say they saw Sasquatch. Nine people claim to have seen a huge human-like figure covered in hair pass by a window. Later that day others reported seeing Sasquatch standing behind a car in a neighbor's yard.

Prior to their sighting witnesses heard trees snapping and creaking. Upon investigating they saw the creature. They describe it as bipedal and three meters tall. When the creature saw them, it took off running.

"It was running fast - too fast for any of us to have caught up with it," said one witness.

But the creature did leave behind a huge footprint and a tuft of hair as evidence.

Staff from the Department of Environment were called to investigate. Conservation Officer John Klein said by the time he saw the footprint the area was disturbed quite a bit by curious residents and he was unable to distinguish any distinct features such as toes.

"The print was big. It measured 17 inches in length and 4.5 inches wide," Klein said.

The tuft of hair was sent for analysis to the department's laboratory in Whitehorse.

Doug Larsen, chief of wildlife management said, "It should be relatively easy to determine if the hair came from a common local animal like a bear. If the analysis is inconclusive, the hair would be DNA tested to determine if it is human or not."

(CR: *CBC News*, Jul 13, 2005, *Whitehorse Star Online*, Canada, Jul. 15, 2005)

theonionavclub.com/dvd

films that time forgot

Sasquatch: The Legend Of Bigfoot
Director: Ed Ragozzino
Year released: 1977, though it was made in 1975
Tagline: "The most COMPLETE and only TRUE STORY of BIGFOOT ever filmed."
Plot: A naturalist played by George Lauris adopts his best *Wild Kingdom* tone and narrates his expedition into "Bigfoot Country." His partners: a colorful prospector, a skeptical newsman, a cranky cook, and a pale-faced, scraggly-wigged "Indian" tracker. The traveling party spends most of its time watching the wildlife—ferocious grizzlies, playful otters in the snow, and so forth—and swapping stories about past documented encounters with Bigfoot. Every few days, the Indian (played by Joe Morello) points to signs that they're "entering the domain of the Sasquatch," but aside from a few screams in the woods and one physical encounter in the dark of night, the beast remains frustratingly out of reach.

Key scenes: A flashback to a 1920s Bigfoot attack is re-enacted by what looks like gorilla-suited men smashing windows and tossing papier-mâché boulders. Later, in a somewhat less thrilling sequence, the blustery chowhound played by Jim Bradford saves the camp's lone roll of toilet paper by chasing after a thieving raccoon.
Can easily be distinguished by: The endless shots of woodland creatures, which give *Sasquatch* a documentary feel that's largely undermined by the cartoonish characters. While Lauris talks soberly about how the party had to kill a wildcat because it "had the taste of pack horse in its mouth," his cornpone colleagues are busy falling over logs.
Sign that it was made in 1975: A room-sized computer pinpoints the location of the Sasquatch region and even sketches a theoretical picture of the beast, based on data fed in on punch cards.
Timeless message: The Pacific Northwest is awfully pretty.
Memorable quotes: "The Sasquatch was here, all right. I caught his smell on the wind. It's sort of... rotten-smelling." **—Noel Murray**

Available alongside Snow Creature *and* Snow Beast *on Retromedia's* Sasquatch Horror Triple Feature *DVD.*

CR; F. Huddon

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http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/17/107.html

PLEASE KEEP YOUR SKEPTICALS ON WHILE READING THIS ISSUE

Note...wrote about folding up the newsletter last issue, but at the last moment, Tom Biscardi, Searching For Bigfoot Inc, gave me a call, and said he didn't want the newsletter to shut down, and he was going to fund the Track Record. Have re-applied for non-profit status then, and you can look forward to new issues of the Track Record, thanks to Tom. It will come regular postage for awhile.

Many people disagree with the methods and reports of Tom, but as Ronnie Roseman has commented, "He's one of the few people actually out in the field investigating, and has the equipment and financing to do it."

What we do need badly is subscribers...so, if you can talk somebody into subscribing, please do it. Or even sign somebody up yourself please. Thanks, Ray

Readers may listen to Tom and guests live from the field and studio on radio "Bigfoot Live", 7-8 PM PDT Wednesday, and every Wednesday, starting September 13th, at www.freebrother.com , KLTV

Also, Tom plans on attending and speaking at the Longbow Bigfoot Daze, saying he has an important revelation. Other team members will speak also...don't miss this one.

TOM BISCARDI

BIGFOOT REPORTS

* "Mike Jay" Sasquatch1100@Yahoo.com
Wear skepticals tightly please
Atoka County, OK; Bigfoot Sighting In Atoka County Oklahoma, KLTV Ch 7, July 31, 2006

Some people in Atoka County are on the look out for what some are calling "big foot." People around Clear Boggy Creek have been telling stories of the legend for years... But in the last two weeks, residents say they've spotted the creature three separate times. The last sighting included photos...taken by a camera set up by a local store owner.

Take a look, this is new picture of what looks like a man in a bear suit. But people around clear boggy creek swear it's "big foot."After one sighting, a woman suffered a panic attack and had to be taken to local hospital. Source AP

July 31, 2006 03:37 PM PDT

Some people in Atoka County are on the look out for what some are calling "big foot." People around Clear Boggy Creek have been telling stories of the legend for years... But in the last two weeks, residents say they've spotted the creature three

* Loren Coleman's website carries a title, "Rumor: Bigfoot Shot At Pine Ridge." The SD Lacota Pine Ridge Reservation was mentioned in a note Aug 5th by an unknown user on a forum. Read this one with skepticals on tightly also. The note said,

"I just talked to my sister in law who's on the Pine Ridge Reservation. She said that last Tuesday night supposedly someone shot and killed a bigfoot near the Slim Buttes area. This is basically insider gossip, as there is no way to verify it. But, she said that several medicine men including Wilmer Mesteth, Oliver Red Cloud and Tom(?) Janis were called over there by the police to the site, and they smudged the body with burning sage and cedar, and said prayers. (The lakota see the bigfoot as a sort of spirit being, and are scared of it.) Anyway, then it was wrapped up and taken to the lab at the School of Mines in Rapid City. All kind of hush hush, but this is the inside gossip. I have no way to verify it, but my sister in law has never lied to me. She said she doesn't know if it's true as she hasn't spoken to anyone who actually saw it. But I just thought you would be interested to hear the rumors."

Loren notes that the S. Dak. School of Mines and Tech is in Rapid City. Also that in the past there have been other sighting reports from the Pine Ridge area...a road report, police sightings, a Peeping Tom Bigfoot and other reports.

-- Is it real or not? Here's an account from a resident (unedited): "I have been reading all the post about the Rez sightings what police are talking about Th rez police or the

FBI or the BIA because they are the only law groups that are aloowed to do anything on rez cause it gove. land local city and county police won't go on the rez. It takes an act of congress to get them to respond.

"Most Native cultures consider Bigfoot a spirtual being and would not kill him. Trust me when I say it would be really really bad karma and magic. DOn't get me wrong I believe all the sights in the Dakota areas. This is usually the time of the year the clans start their Sun Dances, very privite, very religous, very sacred ceremony. The old ones say that Bigfoot alwasy shows himslef during this time because he has such strong medicine. My cousin said that the same one will come year after year in many cases. Its a really big thing to see BF during this time I just don't see them shooting at him.

"I'm no one important by anymeans I just know the Native cultutre. I'm Native its not culture to me its just my normal everyday life the way I was raised. Just something diffrent aabout all the rez sightings is all."

Note: follow up report by Loren indicates the Bureau of Mines has denied receiving any body of a Bigfoot and has no program to study them.

* Ben Blake danegeld2@msn.com

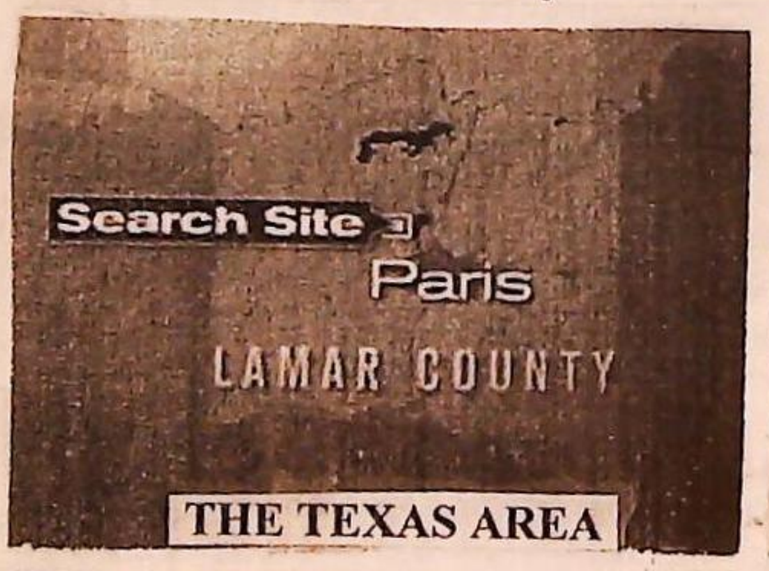
I would like to dispel any rumor about there being a Bigfoot sighting on the Pine Ridge (Oglala) Indian reservation. There has been NO recent sightings or police reports. I live 30 miles from this location and there have been NO reports in any of the local papers. http://www.rapidcityjournal.com/ etc.
Sounds like a spoof...Ben

* From Tom Biscardi site at Searchingforbigfoot.com.

NEWSFLASH: Letter from Javabob about the Paris Texas encounter , July 19, 2006...

When A Reporter Is A Witness To Bigfoot In Lamar County Texas "I was skeptical before tonight, but after seeing the footprints and the scratch marks and dig marks and seeing something that i think was very big and moving at a high rate of speed through the woods, i may have to rethink that." - Bob Hallmark, KLTV

Note: when I last talked to Tom, he and his team were headed for Paris, Texas...Ray



THE TEXAS AREA

BF'S HAND

This is the mysterious hand pictured in an earlier issue, that has been studied by the Biscardi team (the hand provided originally from Don Monroe)

June 9, 2006 INITIAL VERBAL DNA TEST RESULTS SHOW "HAND OF UNKNOWN ORIGIN" IS NOT FROM ANY CURRENTLY KNOWN ANIMAL!

BIGFOOT EXPEDITION RELEASES DNA RESULTS ON "THE HAND OF UNKNOWN ORIGIN!"

World renowned 'Bigfoot' researcher, Tom Biscardi, founder of Searching for Bigfoot Inc., a Bigfoot research and expedition organization headquartered in Menlo Park, California, went out to find evidence of the creature known as Bigfoot and came back with a big hand! Literally, this "hand of unknown origin," as it was referred to by Dr. Todd L. Reese, D.C., a chiropractor who studied the anatomy of the hand. In a sworn affidavit, Dr. Reese stated that this severed hand is of unknown origin. "It is not human, not of any known species of primate, and not a bear!"

Bigfoot research team investigates the evidence in Blackfeet country, By John McGill?Create, Glacier Reporter Editor, March 15, 2006

All it took was a story in the Glacier Reporter about Bruce Schildt's kids discovering footprints they thought might belong to Bigfoot near Kiowa, and an entire team of Bigfoot searchers arrived to check things out. Searching for Bigfoot Inc. is a team started by Tom Biscardi, devoted to finding out if the creature exists and precisely what sort of being it might be. Based in Menlo Park, Calif., Biscardi quickly contacted Schildt, the Glacier Reporter, Pat Armstrong and Blackfeet Fish and Wildlife Director Gayle Skunkcap to find out if his team should visit the Blackfeet Reservation.

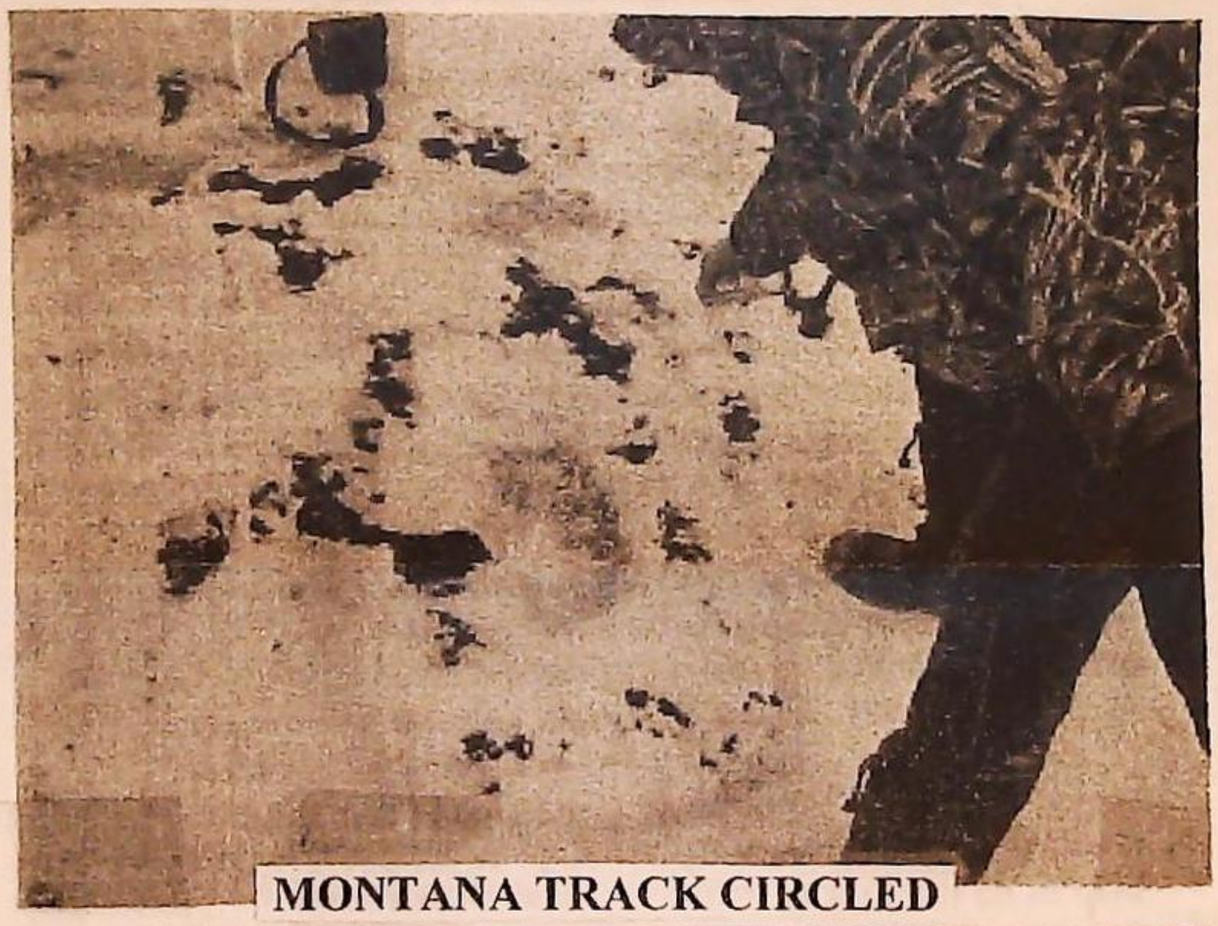
So how does one become a Bigfoot searcher? "I was a big doubter," Biscardi said, "but I went to the library after seeing Roger Peterson's 1967 film, the Washington footage where the female looks over her shoulder, and I thought, 'we should be able to find it.'" Biscardi began his career of Bigfoot study more than 33 years ago. "I researched my predecessors who were looking for Bigfoot," he said, "and I called the previous hunters to find out what they knew."

While others have sought the elusive mystery, Biscardi had an edge in the computer age and started by visiting

Searching for Bigfoot Inc. team members Tim McMillen , Tom Biscardi, Mountain Pat Heaton and Java Bob Schmalzbach were photographed by their fifth member, tracker Lee Hickman, at the residence of Bruce Schildt whose family discovered the tracks that brought the team to the Blackfeet Reservation

Silicon Valley. "We got a snooperscope, the ones they used for night fighting in Vietnam, because the creatures are nocturnal. We had three made, one for our airplane, a shoulder-mounted model and one for the truck." Using the

CLOSE UP OF MONTANA TRACK



MONTANA TRACK CIRCLED

TOM POINTS AT AREA WHERE BIGFOOT WAS SIGHTED JUST SIX DAYS AGO

equipment, said Biscardi, has made his efforts more successful than those used in the past.

After that, Biscardi began assembling his team of searchers. He first met his tracker's grandfather, Ivan Marx, and learned about tracking while he was still alive. His grandson, Lee Hickman, is now one of five members of the Biscardi team. The other members include "Java" Bob Schmalzbach, "Mountain" Pat Heaton and Tim McMillen . Each supplies an area of expertise, said Biscardi, and the group has been traveling cross country since Jan. 31, following leads supplied by those who think they've seen evidence or actually encountered a Bigfoot. "We've extended our family across this nation through our contacts," Biscardi said, "and that's a bigger network of Bigfoot researchers." Biscardi appears frequently on talk shows, both on television and the radio, so his message is widespread, and so is the response.

"We decided to go in January because nobody has looked for Bigfoot in the winter before, but they're there," Biscardi said. "People call us with leads. They know what I've experienced, and I know what they've experienced." Since they began, the team's been through 26 states. "We've been across the United States to all the hot spots," Biscardi said, including Illinois, North Carolina, Oklahoma and Texas.

After calling his contacts in Blackfeet country, Biscardi sent out contracts and affidavit forms so the testimony he received would more likely be true. "We've met several tribes across the U.S., but only the Blackfeet have taken us into their homes and families," said Biscardi. "This is incredible. I don't want to leave.

"There is a story here, and most people, about eight out of 10, were straight on," Biscardi continued. "They're stories like what I've had happen to me about 30 years ago - there are 40 tracks that just end. Gayle Skunkcap is wrong. It's a hominid, a biped, and not snowshoes." Biscardi examined the tracks at Kiowa, burning them down in case they could be cast for whorls the way fingerprints are taken, but the evidence was too old to be conclusive.

"But Bruce's pictures and story are very common to Bigfoot encounters," he said. "We definitely know something's out there. We've investigated five sites. There were two that were good, but the prints were too old."

The progress of the searching team, and their results thus far on their cross-country journey, may be seen at http://www.searchingforbigfoot.com./ .

Sources:

http://www.glacierreporter.com/glacier_reporter/

Related stories: http://www.bigfootencounters.com/

http://www.bigfootencounters.com/stories/kiowaMT06.htm

* Hunting Bigfoot - Expert, Brookings resident search for creature By Joseph Friedrichs, Pilot staff writer. Three weeks ago, it took Travis Cover 30 seconds to become a believer in Bigfoot. Monday night, it took Bigfoot researcher Tom Biscardi half that time to assure Cover he wasn't crazy.

Biscardi, the founder of Searching For Bigfoot, traveled from the Bay Area to investigate the site where Cover claimed he saw the creature. "The proof is in the pudding," Biscardi said. "And that's what we have now." Biscardi, joined by three of his crew members, had Cover lead the party to a remote location in Del Norte County Monday evening.

Cover, a Brookings-based truck driver, was making a routine drive on Highway 1999 near Knopki Creek at about 5:30 a.m. Thursday, Sept. 22, when he saw the beast.

On Monday, near a winding road sign just west of the highway's tunnel, Biscardi believed he found proof that a Bigfoot had recently been in the area.

"Look at this, this is prime habitat," Biscardi said. "The water, the vegation, the choke cherries, it's perfect."

Upon closer investigation, Biscardi and his crew believed they found a trail that was made by Bigfoot.

"No deer made that trail," Biscard said. "It was something really heavy."

An area of matted down grass near the area where Cover had his alleged encounter sent one of the Bigfoot researchers scampering up and down the banks of the Smith River in search of tracks.

The crew later camped out Monday night in the Knopki Creek area.

During the evening and into Tuesday morning, two of the teams three motion-activated cameras were set off, Biscardi said. The images from those cameras will not be available until later this week.

Also, during Monday night's stakeout, the group's sensitive sound meter was activated.

"Something heavy was moving through the area," Biscardi said. "When we got up to check it out, the creature had disappeared over the ridge line."

Biscardi said the coastal mountain regions of Southern Oregon and Northern California are prime locations for Bigfoot.

* Man Using Net To Bag Sasquatch
The Associated Press - The Bakersfield Californian - Friday August 12, 2005

HAPPY CAMP - Tom Biscardi wants you to join him on the hunt for Bigfoot - for a fee, of course.

The former Las Vegas show producer is broadcasting his search for the fabled ape-like creature on the Internet.

Three cameras are documenting the 90-day expedition around the clock. Viewers can pay to watch the expedition.

Biscardi said that he needs the money to pay the $400,000 cost of his 16-member expedition. He said he already has more than 40,000 subscribers as distant as Ireland, Russia and Poland.

He's spending this week positioning the cameras and clearing brush along what he believes is a Bigfoot migration path in western Siskiyou County. The cameras show Biscardi's activities, along with local residents telling of their encounters, re-enactments of their sightings and interviews with primate experts.

"We're very, very close," Biscardi, 57, said after several motorists said they spotted the big guys along Highway 96, a remote route that follows the Klamath River just south of the California-Oregon border.

"This is one of the hottest areas I've ever seen in my life."

During past hunts, Biscardi has made plans to capture Bigfoot using net grenade launchers or "sleep bombs" that could be dropped on the elusive creature from the air.

He claims to have seen Sasquatch five times in the last 30 years, including earlier this year near Burney, east of Redding and far from his current search site.

Happy Camp, population 1,100, identifies itself with the legend, hosting a Bigfoot Jamboree each Labor Day. But some residents aren't thrilled with the attention that drew a San Francisco Bay Area television crew to Biscardi's side this week.

Bigfoot trackers return

TO ILLINOIS

By Laura Michels
Posted: Tuesday, June 13, 2006 at 6:47 PM

Professional Bigfoot trackers were back in the area Tuesday after reports of more activity.

Tom Biscardi and his crew looked for tracks, droppings and split trees in a Funks Grove forest.

He said there are lots of Sasquatch signs in the area.

He said he's getting closer and closer to finding the creature.

He even has a hand he thinks could be from a bigfoot.

Tom Biscardi points to a tree he believes was pulled down by Bigfoot.

"It's my life, my life being I wont rest until conclusive evidence of a fallen creature is brought back," said Biscardi.

The area the Bigfoot hunters were searching is private property.

It's only open the public during the daylight hours.

Become A Member
Help Support The Searching For Bigfoot Team
We have three different offers:
[Lifetime Membership] - Get a lifetime membership and receive all our videos, a hat, t-shirt, mug, discounts on expeditions, access to our private members area, and more.
[One Year Basic membership] - You'll get a one year membership, a hat or t-shirt of your choice, and one year of access to our private members area.
[One Day Peek At Our Private Area] - One day of peeking at the current private, members-only, information that we have will make you want to buy a full membership to support our search for Bigfoot.

Why should you become a member?
Our members are helping to support the search for Bigfoot. If you are concerned about helping to prove the existence of Bigfoot, become a member. Are you concerned, as Dr. Warren Cook is, that Bigfoot may become extinct before we get the chance to learn about and support this elusive creature ? If you want to make sure that Bigfoot receives the protection it deserves, your membership will help us do that too.
Searchingforbigfoot.com
Contact: Searching For Bigfoot, Inc
570 Camino Real #150
Redwood City, CA 94063

* Some recent BFRO reports:

-Florida, Levy County, Oct 2000 or 2001, Near Gulf Hammock, 11 AM. Hunters were on dirt road in wooded area, spaced a few yards apart though out of each others line of sight. Suddenly a swamp monkey crossed the two lane dirt road in two fluid quick strides. Witness guessed that it was about 6.5-7 feet tall. It had gray hair and a thick-set build. The next day, stayed in camp, later taking a walk. Something paralled the female witness, and as she turned to go back to camp, footsteps followed her in the brush. Going faster, the noise kept up, and finally running, she eventually stopped, and the foot noises halted also. This was just prior to sunset, about 5PM

-Florida, Gilchrist County, November 1998, near Fanning Springs. On Route 26 driving towards Gainsville from Fanning Springs about 40 mph, witness went around a bend in the road and the headlights illuminated a large black object that seemed to be startled by the light. The creature was standing on the edge of the road and hunkered down. As witness neared, he could see wet black

ir, then it turned and retreated into the right side of the road and disappeared into the swamp. He guessed it was about 6 feet tall, but as the head was hunkered to avoid the light, it was hard to tell for sure. This was between midnight to one AM

-British Columbia, Vancouver Island, June 20, 2006, near Mewachie Lake. Witness was traveling to work one morning about 4:30 AM on a dirt road, and as he drove around a corner, could almost make out something dark on the road ahead, beyond the headlights (it was just starting to turn daylight). Thinking it was a bear, he "stepped-on-it," thinking to chase it down the road. He soon realized that it was standing upright and running on two legs. It had dark hair with a light-colored 3-4 inch patch across its back just below the shoulders. The buttocks also had a light colored band. It ran about 100 feet down the road, then turned sharply left, to the road edge, down a ditch and up the bank, and into the brush at full stride. It never looked back. Later that day, witness found poorly defined footprints in the dry ground. He estimated the height at 7 feet, and it was 3-4 feet across its back. It never turned, so he didn't see the face. Local natives call the creature the Mesachie Man.

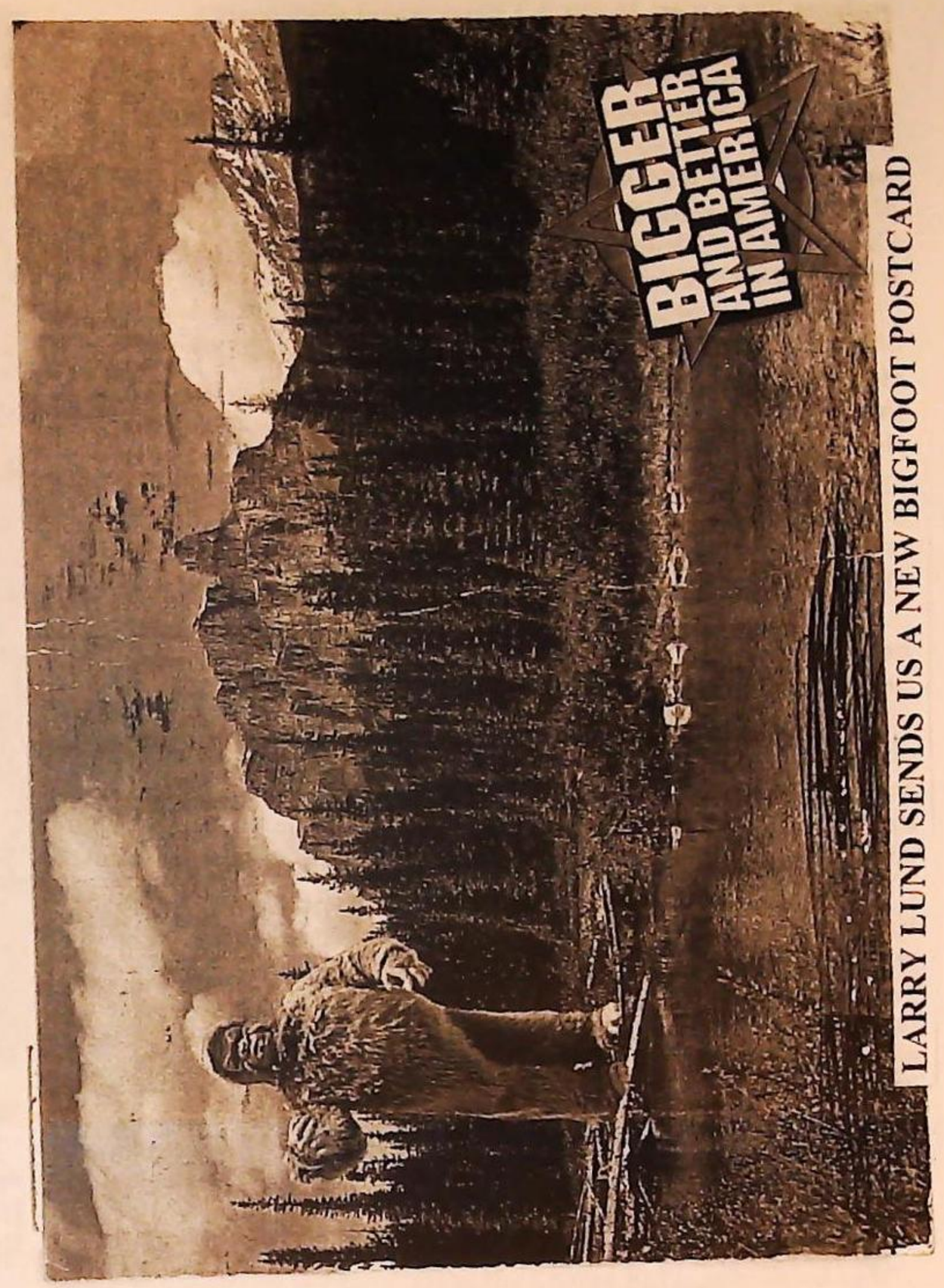
-Oklahoma, Atoka County, October 12, 2004, Near Caddo. A truck driver, driving north on US 69, when off to his right as another truck was passing him, he saw something running towards the road, and the creature crossed in front of us, taking only two steps to cross the road. The other truck locked his brakes and witness had to maneuver to avoid the other truck. The creatures hands went down to its knees and he held them at his side, rather than having the elbows bent. It was covered with dark 6-7 inch long hair, the hair on the legs seeming to be longer and it glanced at the trucks briefly, seeming to have dark eyes. The 7-9 foot creature took long strides and seemed to be bent slightly at the waist. It was about 1:30 AM and there was a misty rain and patches of fog, though not foggy at that time.

NOTE: seems we have run across this feature before, where the creature almost dares the traffic as it darts across ahead of vehicles, rather that waiting for them to pass. But, many reports also come from people seeing the creatures cross behind them in their rear-view mirrors.

-British Columbia, July 1985, near Revelstoke. Witness was driving on trans-Canada highway towards Kelowna and saw a very large man-like creature cross the road 3-400 feet ahead of him. It had come up the side of a ditch, looking right at the witness and crossing the road to the opposite ditch. It was 8-900 pounds. It ws 6:30-7 AM in a pine forest with thick brush.

-Washington, Okanogan county, near Omak off side road. Witness and girlfriend were hunting and saw something running down the road that was large and hairy and moved rapidly. It was 30-40 yards away and they were driving 10-15 mph. It ran off up toward a ridge, but there were no noises of its moving through the brush. The sighting only took a few seconds, and they may have scared it away from a sweet-water cattle watering hole. It was at sunset in a pine forest.

-British Columbia, December 23 or 24, 1980, midway between Trail and Castlegar on old logging road to Hadikins Mill en route to Nancy Greene Lake NW of Rossland. Near Christmas three people went snowmobiling about 9PM. It was snowing heavily, and they turned back to the truck. While getting the snowmobile unstuck from a bank, witness and his uncle smelled



something very strong, like rotting meat. His uncle was afraid of a bear (they would be hibernating). When back on the trail, witness saw what looked like an old trapper run from behind a burm pile across the trail and through the bush, shaking all the new snow off the tree as it passed. There were large barefoot marks on the trail. It was only about 6 feet tall, with a very long hair.

About 7 years later in the same spot while deer hunting another like-smelling animal did a scary scream-yell at night near a cabin where friends and witness were spending the night.

-Oregon, Marion County, October, 1995. Silver Falls State Park, ten miles back in logging area. Hunter saw an elk running and 50 feet behind was a large animal running beyond the elk. It was approximately 300 feet from witness, and he followed the dark brownish creature in the rifle scope. Apparently the elk and the creature were spooked by three other hunters approaching. A single part of a track was found. The three inch deep partial track had the ball of the foot and toes showing. A week later, returning to the same area, a large human shaped feces was found. This was in thick fir forest just before dusk. It was overcast and the temperature was in the sixties.

-New York, Steuben County, April 21, 1979 or 80. Near Canisteo, county road #29, at witness house. Son (14) and witness saw a large dark animal come out of the river

walking like a man. It was 2-3 times larger than nearby men working on the railroad tracks. It had a large head, no neck, very broad shoulders, and long arms with a slight sway as it walked. RR men could not see the animal behind a hedge. The next day looked but failed to find tracks. Apparently the dark brown or black animal had come out of the river to walk 400-500 feet around a trash pile in the Canisteo River. It was late morning or early afternoon on a warm and bright day.

-Wyoming, Unita County, November 2005. Near Mountain View, Hy 410 near Hy 411. Delivery person about 4:30 AM, just before dawn, saw something big, bulky thing, walking towards her with no coat or hat. Head was slightly bent down and there were long arms, and it wasn't apparently bothered by the cold or light snow. It walked diagonally across the road and into some brush. The creature passed under a street light and appeared to be about 7 feet tall. It was in sight for about 6-10 seconds.

-Tennessee, Bradley County, July 21, 2003. Hwy 75, just past the Hiwassee River, and about 12:30 or 1 AM. In bright headlights saw what appeared to be a bear, but when within 75 yards saw it was a Bigfoot and it was crouched over a dead animal, a deer, about 5 yards into the median. It turned to look at witness as he passed it. The hair was ratty and rat infested looking, very long and coarse, brown/black in color.

-Alabama, Franklin county, 2002, Dec 25 or 26, near Russellville in NW Alabama near Miss. state line. Hunter around 4-5PM, saw deer running out of a pine thicket. Witness then saw something on two legs come from the thicket about 100 feet away, and went over a fence in the direction of the fleeing deer. The 7 foot matted dark brown to gray or black haired creature had long arms, powerfully build, and was running hard after the deer.

* Tom Biscardi Texas report http://searchingfor bigfoot.com/When_A_Reporter_Is_A_Witness_To_Bigfoot _In_Lamar_County_Texas

Reported By: Bob HallmarkW

A Is it an elaborate hoax? Or has a team of investigators found actual proof that "bigfoot" is roaming the woods of north Texas. According to researchers, and even game wardens in Lamar county, sightings of a "hairy giant" have been reported periodically for the last 15 years. In just the last week, residents near Paris, Texas reported sightings at a remote area called Lamar Point. That's near the abandoned "camp Maxey" army base, 10 miles north of Paris.

Those who live in the remote area are frightened at the sounds and sightings of a mysterious creature. I went along with a group called, "searching for bigfoot", who ultimately plan to prove the beast's existence by "capturing it". The sole purpose of this 12 man research team is to prove the existence of something that, according to science, does not exist.

"When you get the sasquatch bug after seeing one of these creatures it stays with you for a long time, I've had 5 encounters over 33 years. I personally believe that this thing is derived from the yeti in the Himalayas, " said team leader Tom Biscardi.

As a reporter I'm not a believer in bigfoot, with technological advances I believe if it was out there we would have found it by now. Ten miles north of Paris, Texas, is a swamp that looks like something prehistoric , and it's here that locals say a hairy ape-like giant is

BIGFOOT ORGANIZATION TAPES BIGFOOT SOUNDS (ROSEBURG NATURAL HISTORY MUSEUM)

roaming.

"I skate board here a couple of nights, and I saw something fly across the road by where the gates are and it just shoots into the woods," said 15 year old eyewitness Ryan Johnson.

Casts have been made of numerous footprints discovered by the swamp shore. Some "18" inches long. The night before, the team had encountered something standing in the swamp, startling some members who were skeptics to begin with.

"We started looking at it through the thermal imager and IR scope, what I saw was something that appeared to stand up real fast then squat back down," said New York private investigator and skeptical team member, Stephen Kulls.

For 33 years, Biscardi has been searching for the elusive beast known by many names, sasquatch , bushman, bigfoot. He believes there may be as many as 35-hundred of these creatures roaming North America. This night, the team found more massive footprints, and what look like hundreds of dug out areas in the sand, and hundreds of broken mussel shells, or fresh water clam shells.

"They're digging them up and they're eating clams," Tom says.

Working on eyewitness accounts, the team set out to find what might be out there, using state of the art equipment such as thermal imaging cameras, motion and heat detectors, and high powered listening devices.

"No matter what you get on film it's always going to be disputed, the only way is through DNA or a body," says Kulls.

Suddenly a large heat signature appears in the swamp. The team is sure it's what they're looking for, not to photograph, but to capture!

Biscardi lead his team to a sighting, "there he is straight ahead, he's moving right now... he's moving right now, straight to the trees, he's moving into the trees, come here, into the trees right now".

In the dark of night, a big shadow moves through the woods, as quickly as it was there it was gone. But what was it? And what was it doing here? Biscardi says, for the simplest of reasons.

"They have an abundance of vegetation and abundance of food and water," says Biscardi.

They tried enticing whatever was out there with a recording of an alleged bigfoot taken in the Sierra Nevada's.

PARIS, TEXAS BIGFOOT TRACK

There was movement, but no animals. For me there was an uneasy sense of eyes being on us. Limbs crashing down in the distance. I was skeptical before tonight, but after seeing the footprints and the scratch marks and dig marks and seeing something that I think was very big and moving at a high rate of speed through the woods, I may have to rethink that. Bisacrdi also claims that a hand he has in his possession is the actual severed hand of a bigfoot.

"What you're seeing here is a hand turned over to us by a guy named Don Monroe, longtime bigfoot researcher, the Butte Montana police department tested it , found out it wasn't human" he says.

"I feel that there's a lot of evidence that points that something exists, a lot more than the evidence that suggests something doesn't exist," Kulls says.

Could it be a hoax? Could someone be faking the prints? Biscardi says no!

"This is the most interesting thing that you're going to find...you've got dermal ridges in this thing, on the soles of the feet, you can't fake that," Tom says.

Dermal ridges are the creases that define the palm and bottom of the foot. If it's a hoax, someone is going to a lot of trouble to fool researchers, and frighten the public. If it's not a hoax, then something is out in these woods.

"Big foot is alive and well, and we're going to find him," Biscardi says.

Biscardi's team is funded by private donations. If you are in their search organization, you can log on to their web site at www.searchingforbigfoot.com .

We did talk with the Butte Montana police department today. They confirmed they had tested the "mysterious" hand and did find that it was "not" human. However their test was inconclusive as to "what" it was. Bob Hallmark, Reporting: bhallmark@kltv.com.

MISCELANEOUS

* Mary Green bigfootlady_55@yahoo.com 8/14

It has been talked about for at least two or three years that the DNA tests done on the hair samples taken from the farm has matched 100 per cent human. Two genomes, and I think that is what they call it and the mitochondrial DNA testing has shown on repeated tests WITH CONTROLS ran also to be matching 100 per cent human. However, other creatures have this too I am told. I am no expert in DNA and all I know is what the reports from qualified biologists have said.

Ray Crowe's Track Record devoted almost an entire issue to the DNA studies, etc. done on the Carter Case, but of course, this is not talked about much because it lends too much credence to this controversial case. What is needed now is saliva and blood to go further. There are new testing ways being developed all the time, but for this moment, the hair DNA results have been carried as far as they will go.

At least out of the many, many hair samples that have been found on the Carter Farm by Will Duncan, my daughter, Susan Bilbrey, by Joe Fex, and also Dr. Igor Bourtsev have ALL turned out to be from an UNKNOWN primate. So there is ample evidence from the farm that there is an unknown primate there.. Dr. Henner Fahrenbach has studied the properties of the hair that looks like no other hair known on the earth and has a certain standard he sets for hair from an unknown primate and because of the locations it is derived from and from many hair samples found across the U.S., he deems them to most likely be sasquatch hair.

I don't know why this is disregarded so easily as no other case has had so much physical evidence tested and studied, including the enormous amount of gorilla sized poop found on the farm and in the loft of a huge barn well hidden on the back of this property.

So here I have again told what has transpired. As far as what I believe doesn't mean anything to anyone else. There is the chance that Fox could be a relic hominid, but from the many, many investigations and reports, and conversations with the scientists and biologists involved in the study of the DNA from the Carter Farm submitted hair samples, I believe that this is a human group that spurred off in the distant past and they are evolving and reproducing faster than what many people think.

Many people have been born and raised in the city, never living in the country and have NO concept of the amount of land that is difficult to access. Most of our country is mainly in huge cities. People who were raised up in the city and have never known country, as I was until 18 years of age, have no idea what it is like and the surprising wildlife you will see during a lifetime of country living. I lived on a farm in a remote area and also had many experiences with these beings. I wrote what I consider to be a true and accurate account of my experiences in the book, Night Shadows. It's available on my web site along with the book 50 Years which outsells my own bio and encounters with the bigfoot in TN.

Night Shadows has been most carefully edited by Kathy McVey, a wildlife rehabilitor who also had a very personal encounter with a bigfoot in her life. It took us a year to edit it for errors. I am very satisfied with her help and intense labor and would like to recognize her contribution to the book project. As far as the books go, they are true and accurate accounts. Janice knew there were a couple of dates she had out of place and events, but she did her best to be as accurate as possible also.

I have no desire to do more. The incidents and encounters and what truly happened are told. The books

have NEVER been mass marketed. There has been no intention of making huge sums of money out of either one. They were written for the bigfoot researcher in mind and to add important information to what is known about the bigfoot people. At least when I pass on some day, I am very peaceful with the fact I did the best job I could to relate the incidents and encounters that I had and I'm sure Janice will be too. So yes, I can speak for myself that I do believe what we have here is a relic hominid but it remains to be proven. I bow to science to prove it for I cannot.

The sasquatch seen by Janice, other eyewitnesses and I in TN are like body builders, with narrow waists, huge buttocks, massive upper thighs all designed for a powerful running being. And they can do just that, mostly upright, but sometimes on all fours for short spurts. Most are found headed with a slight slope of the forehead and massive jaws and shoulders.

I hope this answers your question, Judy, and NO we are not related and I'm not related to John Green either. There are many bigfoot researchers who have the last name of Green. My ex husband's name was John and my youngest boys name is John Jr. My maiden name is French and we come from a long time of French back into Canada, France and then even go further back into England. There is a book written of my family's lineage and available through Pat Frappier who is married to my bro and they live in Maine. I have bro's in RI and in FL, sister's in OH and TN. I'm not ashamed of my background. My grandfather Frappier married a Clark who goes back into the Clark lineage who explored with Lewis M. We also have strong Upper Iroquois ties too I was told by my Grandfather Frappier. My father was born in TN, he moved to OH and that is where I grew up and married and came to live in TN which is kind of funny that this happened. I am like any other person on this forum, I just happened to move south and live for over 38 years where the bigfoot were, divorced and lived in other cities and another state for a while before returning back to Overton Co. and continuing my research again in TN..

* Mike Jay sasquatch1100@yahoo.com

August 14, 2006; Bigfoot prints out

JOHOR BARU: The Johor Wildlife Protection Association (JWPA) has released photos of what it claims to be footprints of Bigfoot to clarify its involvement in the recent "photo" fiasco.

On Aug 4, local Bigfoot discussion website www.johorhominid.org had released a photo of what it claimed was the actual photo of a female Bigfoot's eyes, adding that it had obtained JWPA's permission to use it.

The website claimed that the photo of a creature with bulging bloodshot eyes "is a big breakthrough", but when a visitor posted a link to the full-head shot of the creature, the website closed an hour later, with a notice stating that it was down for maintenance.

The next day, its founders Vincent Chow and Sean Ang said the website had been closed permanently and announced that they had exposed the photograph as a hoax through their website.

It was revealed that the photo was from L'Odyssee de l'espece (A Species Odyssey), which is the companion book for the television documentary of the same name, first released in French in 2001.

"The photo was given to us by a man named Michael Yap. He is currently in Australia and voluntarily gave us the photo before he left.

"He did not say where he got it or what it was but it did look very similar to our sightings. The authenticity of the photo was never confirmed," said Wee Pao Chin, a committee member of the JWPA.

CINDY HARRISON POSES WITH BIGFOOT MODEL AT PORTLAND, OR, ROSE FESTTIVAL, JUNE '06

On Thursday, Wee said the association was currently in the midst of trying to get in touch with Yap to find out how he obtained the photograph.

Wee said the association had real photographs of Bigfoot – taken by its members – and which would be released in a book to be published soon.

Wee then released what he claimed were the "real photographs stamped and acknowledged by the association" to The Star.

The photos, which he claimed showed the authentic footprints of Bigfoot, were taken by a person named Kong Oi Peng.

Wee said the footprints were spotted near Sungai Lenggo at the foot of Gunung Sumalayang in Kahang, Kluang.

rom Bobbie Short News
obieshort@yahoo.com Standard Net Live
wwStandard.net Believe it or not...Sunday, August 6, 2006 By Becky Cairns Standard-Examiner staff

Does Bigfoot roam the Wasatch Mountains? Some folks are sure he does, as any quick Internet search can attest. Web sites such as www.aliendave.com relate numerous sightings of the shaggy critter right here in the Top of Utah. That doesn't surprise folklorist Steve Siporin of Utah State University.

It doesn't matter if the Bigfoot stories are true, says Siporin. What matters is why we tell them. "The stories are important because they tell us something about what we care about," says Siporin, an English and history professor.

In the past, Bigfoot tales were linked with the untamed frontier, whether that was in New York, Kentucky or out West, Siporin says. Even today, Sasquatch is still a symbol of the wilderness.

Just think of the hotbed for sightings -- in the wild forests of the Northwest, he says.

People like the idea that there could still be something unknown out there, Siporin says, something that's bigger, stronger or wiser than we are.

Once upon a time, we were scared of Bigfoot; the creature represented a danger to us, the folklorist says.

Now, we tend to view the conquering of nature with regret, he says: "We want to believe we haven't destroyed nature. ... We want to believe that nature is stronger than humans."

Siporin says Bigfoot has crossed the boundary from folklore, which is transmitted through face-to-face encounters, to popular culture, which spreads through television and other media.

As that has occurred, Siporin says, we tend to believe the story less and take it less seriously. -- Becky Cairns

GATEWAY TO SKAPONIA PARK BIGFOOT HUNTING AREA, OR

* From Bobbie Short Newsletter bobbieshort@yahoo.com Sasquatch Prints Under The Groat Road Bridge, Edmonton River Valley, May 7 & 28, 2006 Time: Daytime; HBCC UFO Research Note: There are 32 photos on the page, so heavy on pictures !

Location: Edmonton River Valley (Alberta)

Hi Brian, It's been a while since I've had anything interesting to report, last thing I reported was back in February, "Between Bruderheim & Lamont, Alberta ball of white light lit up the sky" which was passed on from my friend's brother.

I recently read "Inside the mind of Brian Vike" and it reminded me that I ought to send you these pictures of Sasquatch handprint and footprints right here under the Groat Road bridge in the Edmonton River Valley. I also seem to have possible UFO photos also. But first thing first.

May 7th 2006 I got bored of reading about Sasquatch so for the fun of it I decided to head out into the River Valley and just go looking for animal prints. I wasn't looking for Sasquatch, just figured I'd spend the early morning looking for coyote & deer prints. I ventured up the river by bicycle using the multi-trails to the area behind Fort Edmonton Park and John Jansen nature centre. A big beaver scared the day lights out of me as at first I thought it was a coyote, but nope, was a beaver.

In the same area just for the fun of it I used the stick I had been walking with to knock on a big rock like Sasquatch supposedly knocks. Knocked 3 times, waited about a minute, nothing, so I turned around and was going to head back home until I heard a "whoop whoop whoop" sound coming from across the river. I was on the south side of the river and the sounds came from a very heavily dense forested area on the northern side. Now I thought maybe it was a loon? But it really did sound more baboon. Anyways I convinced myself it was just a loon and kept walking and that's when I heard these blood curdling screams!

It sounded like a woman being attacked, real freaky and that really got my attention. I eventually made my way over to the other side and didn't find much but some deer bones. The forest was way too thick for me to even try to venture through, plus I was by myself and didn't want to enter alone. So I headed back home and reported what I heard on West Coat Sasquatch Research message board. (http://grandcherokee.proboards26.com/)

You can find it there under "on the track of the Sasquatch" entitled "Backyard Bigfoots in Edmonton Area" but no one seemed to care, so I gave up on it.

May 28, 2006 I went fishing under the Groat Rd Bridge and came across a huge handprint and footprints and what looked like a Sasquatch had slid in the mud, really if it wasn't for the handprint I probably wouldn't of really noticed anything else.

So I took some pictures as I carry my digicam with me when I go fishing as I catch and release all the time. Again I

reported this to the message board but again no one seemed to care, even linked my yahoo photo album so others could see I wasn't making this up. No one responded!

Man those prints, kind of a dream come true for me, I didn't see one (Sasquatch) but I came across it's prints, good enough for me. So I will link you to the album for you yourself to see and if you want I could even email you some pictures, though I've never seen any pictures of Sasquatch on hbccufo, so not sure if you are interested, the handprint is pretty cool though! Attached is a few pictures. Seems Sasquatch fell down! For more see Last Album entitled "prints under the bridge"

(HBCC UFO Research Note: I guess due to my website being a UFO related site folks may not know that I have a good number of Sasquatch/Bigfoot stories on the site as I am also very interested in adding these types of stories to the website. I have been out looking into two reported Sasquatch sightings in the north where I am and have found it to be fascinating. So if you have a Sasquatch experience, please fell free to contact me here at HBCC UFO Research.)

Additional Information:

Definitely will send you some of the most clear and best shots of the handprint, footprints, crater where it looks like it slid and fell. Funny as I came across those prints I had pretty much given up on Sasquatch in the river valley as no one seemed to care, but voila! there they were. I kind of get the creeps now when I venture in there. The next day I went back with a tape measure and measured and did all I could to record the prints aside from plaster casting, never attempted and that was the main reason why I had originally gone out the first time to look for coyote or deer tracks to see if I could find some to later return and maybe practice plaster casting before I came across something good to plaster cast, but I'm not that interested in Sasquatch searching much anymore, kind of had my fill. I don't know if the West Coast group thought I was faking them or not, but really if I would want to fake something like this I would of done it where I go camping in Jasper, not in the middle of the city, would seem more realistic to find tracks in Jasper than in Edmonton.

The pictures of the prints really don't do them any justice, was the main reason I went back the next day with the tape measure and also my mind was kind of in denial about it so I had to go back and see them again, just to make sure I really had taken pictures of what I thought! And make sure I wasn't been hoaxed, which I hardly believe I was, I will send you more pictures, one has my bootprints and the depth is so noticeable! I went back there 3 weeks ago and most have been washed away, only thing remaining was abit of the handprint as it was so close to the concrete wall.

Thank you to the person who took the photos and wrote up this report and sending everything along to me. Photos Are © 2006 M.O.

Note: None of the cc photos were very distinct-Ray

* Another interesting Mary Green letter
bigfootlady_55@yahoo.com 8/14

The book Night Shadows is a very much expanded and updated version of Bigfoot at My Door. I did not like Bigfoot at My Door too well and was not very satisfied with it. I wished to have a complete and well written book and

GIANT MONSTER CARVINGS, LINCOLN CITY, OR.

include many of the bigfoot cases that I have personally investigated, along with all of the researchers who have worked with me over the years Field Trip Reports, including a few of my own field trip reports in it. It turned out to be a huge volume, much larger than Bigfoot at My Door and at least well over a hundred pages larger than Fifty Years. I am a perfectionist to a large degree and I wanted the best possible book in the end as my years are advancing. I needed to conclude my bio in my work with the bigfoot and be at peace that I had done my part in the bigfoot research field as honestly and as accurately as I could.

On the differences and similarities between Fox and Patti, I would have to submit that to Janice Carter to make, but it would seem to me that the complete chapter she devoted to the similarities between the female Sheba, Fox's mate, and Patti in the film in 50 Years would be sufficient.

It's extremely detailed. There are many similarities and the differences seem to be in the shape of the body, with shorter hair, less conical heads, less hair on the face, shorter hair and the perfect body of a body builder in the male bigfoot seen here in TN. Many reports from people I don't even know in TN tell of the extremely more muscular and leaner frame of the TN being they saw. Also the fact that some of them look far more human in the face too. Please re-read the Chapter in 50 Years about the Comparison between Sheba and Patti for more complete details. This was done at the request of Dmitri Bayanov so that he could also check out Janice's story and make sure she was not hoaxing and did in fact know the physical attributes that such a large body would have to have in order to be giant sized proportionately. Janice totally amazed Dr. Henner Fahrenbach and Dmitri Bayanov and

Dr. Igor Bourtsev with her anatomically correct descriptions. They were in the position to know what type of body structure a bigfoot would have to have in order to walk and run the way they have been seen to do. Remember also, the Russians were the ones that examined the Patti film taken to Moscow personally by Dr. Grover Krantz. Dmitri wrote an entire book on it. America's Bigfoot: Fact not Fiction.

The bigfoot I have seen here are mostly round heads, as I call them and
have body builder type bodies. The male's waist lines go way in and out. Patti, as in other females seen in TN, has a round type chest and stomach area yet very muscular. The breasts are smaller or so Janice says, as I've yet to see any large female breasts on the bigfoot here in TN. They are thick waisted and huge bellies and bottoms. This is due to the large size of these giants heads. What we probably have are true giants of different type species here in the U.S.

I know of three other habituation cases right now besides Janice's and Carene's. Both fine ladies IMHO. The other three ALSO are women who have fed a bigfoot, one or more over the years too. I don't know enough about these cases yet to tell you were to even begin to study them. I'm sure there are many many more. I've had three families write me with children who also have kept me up to date of their own habituation cases.

I think the BFRO watched one of these cases too for several years and never got the first photo of one of the bigfoot that frequented the house there too. It is more difficult than one can imagine, but perseverance is needed and never give up. 24/7 surveillance is a must for many, many months, possibly years. I have used habituation methods toward a male and his family too with some success. It gets better every year. Hopefully, there will be a closer bonding between me and this family one of these days before I'm too old to continue this effort.

* Night Shadows, A Journal of Hominid Research
Read about one family's struggle, which began in the early 1960's, with giant, hairy hominids that walked upright which have continued to this day. Learn how these beings have affected Mary Green and set her on a long journey of trying to find out what they were. Are they a relic hominid that has always lived in the United States, or are they nothing more than a great ape hiding deep within America's forest?

Sighting reports by reliable eyewitnesses who have seen a bigfoot, or sasquatch, have steadily mounted in number. Hundreds of reports have poured in to our law enforcement agencies and to bigfoot organizations on the Internet and have continued to increase in recent years.

Do we have to live in fear of these giants? How human are they, or how animal are they? Would they be likely to kill someone or carry off women and children to replenish their numbers? Why don't they come out of the forest and allow us to understand them? Are such giant's existence kept from Americans through a huge government cover up effort? How did Mary and her family who lived in a remote area on a dead end road contend with such hominids that are said not to exist?
The answers may surprise you. This book also contains many other sighting reports from Tennessee and a few other states that were investigated by Mary Green. This

book, along with "50 Years with Bigfoot," will be one that you cannot put down and one that you will refer to again and again for answers to one of America's greatest mysteries.

Mary Green Mail your money order or cashiers check payment made out to Mary Green to: Bigfoot Books % Mary A. Green
159 Green Lane, Cookeville, TN 38506

* August 18, 2006 - On October 3, 2006, Anchor Bay Entertainment will release "Abominable" on DVD. The film takes a terrifying look at the infamous Bigfoot, and will feature tons of bonus materials and extra features. It will be available for the MSRP (Manufacturer's Suggested Retail Price) of $19.98. IGN. com

* "Michael Newton" <eyeofnewt@att.net> |
From The Times (London): 20 Aug. 2006
'Hobbit' was a disabled caveman
Jonathan Leake and Tom Baird
THE remains of a fossilized stone age pygmy, hailed as a new species of human when it was found two years ago,

probably belonged to a disabled but otherwise normal caveman, researchers have claimed.

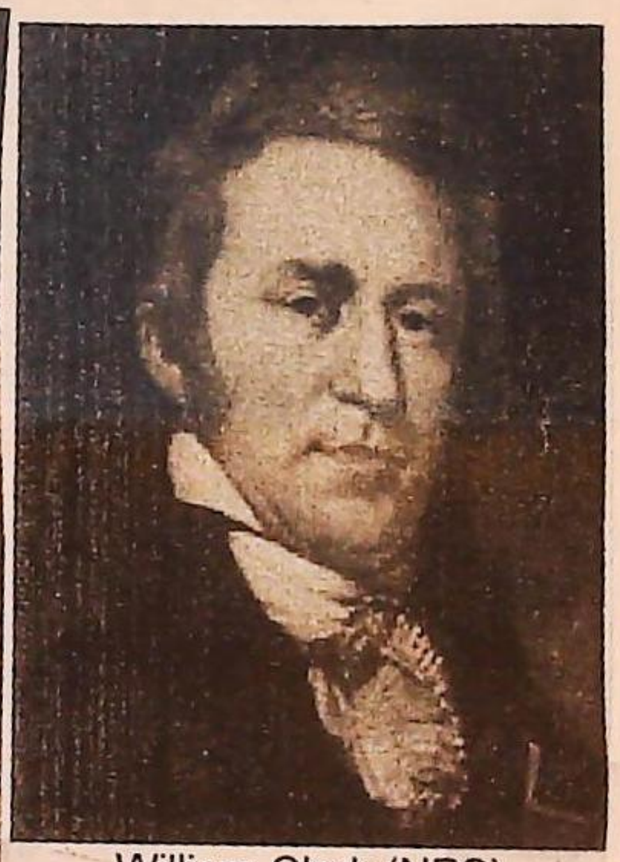
The discovery of the 18,000-year-old "homo floresiensis" on the Indonesian island of Flores was thought to be a major development in tracing human evolution when it was announced in 2004.

However, a new analysis of the 3ft skeleton, nicknamed the "hobbit", along with other remains found at the site, has indicated they probably belonged to an early human suffering from microcephaly, a condition that causes an abnormally small head and other deformities.

"The skeletal remains do not represent a new species, but some of the ancestors of modern human pygmies who live on the island today," concludes a report in the Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, one of America's most respected scientific institutions. "The individual exhibits a combination of characteristics that are not primitive but instead regional and not unique but found in other modern human populations."

The controversy began in October 2004 when Nature, a leading British science journal, published what appeared to be a groundbreaking paper about a new species of human.

Thomas Jefferson



William Clark (NPS)

The original team, co-directed by Michael Morwood from the University of New England in Australia and Professor Radien Soejono of the Indonesian Research Centre for Archeology, made the discovery in the Liang Bua cave.

The creature was found with fossils of animals including a snake, frog, monkey, deer and pig. "Here we have a creature that is substantially different from modern humans, a totally new species of our genus, that lived almost into historical times. This has a number of startling implications," said Henry Gee, Nature's senior editor for biological science, at the time.

Nature has confirmed that it subjected the manuscript to the normal scientific review process in which it was scrutinized by outside experts who approved its contents.

The new study suggests, however, that the initial evaluation of the remains was flawed.

Robert Eckhardt, professor of developmental genetics and evolutionary morphology at Pennsylvania State University, who was part of the new team, criticizes the original study for comparing the skeleton with those of homo sapiens primarily from Europe.

A more accurate understanding of the "hobbit", he says, emerges when comparing the bones against humans from the same region.

Some researchers had already expressed doubts over the original findings. Earlier this year Robert Martin, a primatologist at the Field museum in Chicago, said: "If you plot a graph of all of the data we have on brain sizes of hominids against time, [floresiensis] is the only one that falls right off the curve. It's an anomaly."

Note: Australian scientists still believe the hobbit represents a new species...and, so do I, not that that counts for anything.

* "Craig Woolheater" <ecwool@swbell.net> | Aug 21, 2006 . With great sadness I must make the following announcement. As the result of several circumstances, the 2006 Texas Bigfoot Conference will not take place.

Ironically, the cancellation decision was not the result of declining interest. In five brief years the annual conference grew quickly to become the largest event of its kind, attracting over 500 attendees in 2005. However, the TBRC has been very active on other fronts as well.

This year the TBRC helped organize, in conjunction with the University of Texas at San Antonio's prestigious Institute of Texan Cultures, the critically acclaimed "Bigfoot in Texas?" exhibit and lecture series, which opened on April 7, 2006. Planning for this major event commenced in February of 2005. The lectures series included presentations in four separate months. Daryl Colyer and I were there to assist with and oversee all of the presentations. Others in the TBRC also put much time and effort into the project. The exhibit closed on July 30, receiving much media attention.

Happily, I also have some wonderful news to share. In an exciting development, the ITC is donating the panels produced for this exhibit to the TBRC. We are working to open a permanent Bigfoot museum in Jefferson, TX, featuring these fantastic resources. Needless to say, this project will take up a good portion of our free time for the foreseeable future.

Because I have simply not had the necessary time required for planning, I have made the decision to cancel rather than produce an event that does not meet my standards for excellence.

However, be assured that the TBRC will be back in Jefferson next year for the 2007 event. This will fall on the weekend of October 20, 2007, the 40th anniversary of the Patterson/Gimlin film. Our Texas Bigfoot Museum will be open by that time as well.

I know many people will be disappointed by this turn of events, none more than myself. We will be back next year with an event that will be worth the wait.
Sincerely, Craig Woolheater Texas Bigfoot Research Center

* "Michael Newton" <eyeofnewt@att.net> | Posted Aug 23, 2006

Winnipeg [Manitoba] Daily Free Press; March 28, 1893
MASTODONS STILL LIVING.

Alaska Indians Claim They Have Seen Them Running About. The Stickeen Indians positively

assert that within the last five years they have frequently seen animals which, from the descriptions given, must have been mastodons.

Last spring, while out hunting, one of the Indians came across a series of large tracks, each the size of the bottom of a salt barrel, sunk deep in the moss. He followed the curious trail for some miles, finally coming out in full view of his game, says The Philadelphia Ledger.

As a class these Indians are the bravest of hunters, but the proportions of this new spectacle of game filled the hunter with terror, and he took to swift and immediate flight. He described the creature as being as large as a post trader's store, with great, shining, yellowish white tusks, and a mouth large enough to swallow a man with one gulp. He further says that the animal was undoubtedly of the same species as those whose bones and tusks lie all over that section of the country.

The fact that other hunters have told of seeing these monsters browsing on the herbs up along the river gives a certain probability to the story. Over on Forty Mile Creek bones of mastodons are quite plentiful. One ivory tusk, nine feet long, projects from one of the sand dunes on that creek, and single teeth have been found so large that they would be a good load for one man to carry. I believe that the mule-footed hog still exists; also that live mastodons play tag with the aurora every night over on Forty Mile Creek in Alaska.

---This from: Academy of Natural Sciences

The Corps of Discovery was the team of explorers that participated in the Lewis & Clark Expedition (1804-1806). The expedition was authorized by Jefferson to explore the Louisiana Purchase and discover a navigable route via the Missouri River to the Pacific Ocean. As part of the exploration, Meriwether Lewis was instructed to report (and collect) on the unexplored region's natural history, including animals "which may be deemed rare or extinct".

Although the "mammoth" wasn't explicitly named in Lewis' instructions, the consensus among historians is that Jefferson hoped that the expedition would find the celebrated animal still roaming the West. On the other hand, Jefferson explicitly stated this hope of discovering living "mammoths" in an 1803 letter to the French naturalist Bernard Lacépède.

* Kimba D'Michi kimbasmeow@yahoo.com | http://www.cryptozoology.com/blog/blog.php?id=2492&start=1156118400&end= 1156204799 (8/25)

FOUR STEPS TOWARD BECOMING A CRYPTOZOOLOGY FIELD RESEARCHER

(An excerpt from More Strange Highways)

Over analyzing and speculating on cases, even going so far as to assume the sex life of Bigfoot or the unknown origins of Nessie at Loch Ness as well as referring to obscure related bits as puzzle pieces of evidence is as counter productive as an arm chair Cryptozoologist can dreadfully hope to become. On the surface it may appear constructive to many but the simple truth of the matter is it's a cheap, inexpensive, non-threatening, lazy way to promote another personal theory, entertain ones self or stir a debate rather than perform or initiate sound productive framework to get to the truth. Do not confuse analyzing evidence, documentation conformation and in-depth investigative research with the above mentioned arm chair antics. Hours upon hours are wasted stating personal opinions via typed postings to internet sites and creating controversy over the same worn out arguments. Arguments that will find no conclusion, change few minds and only continue the cycle of nonsensical chatter. Field research is a necessary tool, a tool that may be demanding, seemingly not very rewarding and more work than entertaining but it is always productive. Productive because experience if nothing else will be gained, facts or lack of will be obtained and honest actual research performed.

As uncomfortable as it may be for some to see these two words together, "Cryptozoology and Paranormal" the fact is many times these paths do cross, not to say by reality rather by interpretation. The mainstream of society sees little difference in the two; education, explanation and future progress in both fields will certainly change this entirely but for now, the realization of it is apparent. Too often layman, if you will, label sightings, encounters and events inappropriately depending on who the teller of the story is, leaving the listener walking away not knowing if they just heard a ghost story, cryptid sighting or supernatural encounter. The teller may not believe in, or understand Cryptozoology, hence transforming the event into a supernatural occurrence and/or vice versa. This fact needs to be addressed by the researcher and acknowledged; simply tagging someone ignorant of the facts or discounting a sighting because the witness or past researcher labeled it incorrectly may be misplaced or lost data and will not get us up the field and closer to the goal of truth.

This condensed version of wanting to become an active field researching Cryptozoologist offers four fundamental steps, with the fourth being no less important than the first.

STEP ONE

First is commitment and devotion, sounds easy doesn't it, but far from ease is this first step, these two attributes if present will carry you far no matter what interest in life you follow. Wilbur and Orville Wright had these qualities. Orville Wright once wrote, "We were lucky enough to grow up in an environment where there was always much encouragement to children to pursue intellectual interests; to investigate whatever aroused curiosity." Both Wright brothers never received a high school diploma, Orville left high school to start a printing business and Wilbur stayed home to care for their ill mother. However, these two

BIGFOOT SIGHTING AT WILDLIFE SAFARI LAID TO REST...A SIMPLE BEAR OREGON

brothers had commitment and devotion and in a tiny little bike shop they built and flew the first airplane!

Placing commitment and devotion at the top of this four step outline requires commitment and devotion that must exist; if these are missing within ones self none of the following steps are relevant.

STEP TWO

The second step is to self-education yourself with any topic's you find of interest associated to Cryptozoology. Read Cryptozoological material, watch Cryptozoological related television shows and search out Cryptozoological websites. Next, seek out seminars, courses and material, other than the obvious zoological studies, such as witness interviewing, photography, evidence collection methods and writing techniques. Another course of direction and one I find most valuable is the hands on approach; became a zoo or animal shelter volunteer, camp out and hike as often as you can, study scouting and tracking, then test and improve your skills. Furthermore, when you go on a weekend excursion or take a vacation, research the area you're traveling to with a crypto-twist, others may research restaurants, golf courses and hotel accommodations but add to that list, past and present strange or cryptid sightings, area zoos and local legends. Researching such topic's these days is a breeze via the internet and toll free numbers. I cannot count the number of times I have called 800 numbers to tourist information centers and chatted with the desk clerk awhile thus receiving valuable information to the areas local legends or latest strange area sighting.

Cryptozoological education may come in many forms from a reliable book to field experience to simple conversation. I recall, many years ago sitting and chatting with an old Indian about his hunting and trapping experiences. He talked all afternoon and late into the evening about tracking animals, being aware of their habits and recognizing unusual sounds; many things were learned that day and stuck with me throughout the years.

STEP THREE

One must get into the right mindset and maintain it. You are an investigator and researcher, speculation and assumptions must be erased from your vocabulary and performance, save for theoretic evaluation but even then be extremely cautious what you say and how you say it. Be prepared to defend and explain your theory yet never close-minded to new evidence or fresh ideas.

Your theory (or ego) should not and cannot take precedence over a case, be it your investigation or another's. It is one thing to consider yourself thoroughly prepared and knowledgeable of a case or cases yet quite another to be stubbornly single-minded or overly open-minded. Let the debaters, debate, let the hardcore skeptics debunk and the armchair crypto-theorist rant while you whistle your way through the woods, enjoying nature and obtaining evidence.

STEP FOUR

Most important is going into the field on a case, the following and fourth step to becoming a successful, respected Cryptozoology documenter is an investigation protocol, which includes, investigation supplies, construction of the case, case analysis, reporting your case and filing the case.

INVESTIGATION PROTOCOL

Conscientiously ignore any assumptions, leave your opinions separate from the case, meaning clearly state them as your opinions never as event fact. Do not lead the witness, do not second guess the witness and never assume the more logical answer to be the correct answer. If an eyewitness states something like; "The thing seemed to fly, no maybe just leaped, yes I think it was a leap." Take note of this witness confusion, record it and take it into consideration when researching other like cases.

Four simple rules to follow when in the field;

1.) Document everything: right down to the exact time of day and the weather. Many investigators seem to make the error of simply getting a witnesses name, which many do not wish used anyway; an incomplete location, a basically useless date and a partial description of the event or sighting.

Witness information should include but is not limited to; full name, age, sex, occupation, religious belief and education. For in-depth correctness and possible added insight, gather the eyewitness's state of mind and alertness, past experiences of the same or similar type, family history and even their theory of the event.

Location is relevant but seldom a clue of conclusion. Many times the location actually hampers the investigation, assumptions crop up due to the simple placement of an event, e.g. a Phantom Panther in a cemetery is at times automatically thought of as a spirit or ghost when in truth it may have been a real live animal, don't fall into this trap.

Time may be one of the most useful pieces of documentation gathered. Do not stop at the obvious, yes, of course record the complete date, but the time of day may reveal a secret, as would the length of the actual sighting time. The time of day may expose a pattern or even a reason, i.e. creature's movements, shadows cast and even the true ability to see clearly may hold explanations. The length of a sighting many times transforms into Extended Time Claims or E.T.C. Syndrome, much as is found in accident victims where so much happened in such a short time the witness whole-heartily beliefs minutes elapsed rather than seconds, this of course, in my opinion, adds truth to their statement.

Describing the event must be complete, a hairy thing standing by the fence then vanishing tells little and ignores a lot. What was it doing, where was it looking, were any noises heard, any odors smelled, did it run, walk, leap, retreat or fly away? Exactly what did it look like and ask for a sketch or sketch the varmint yourself as the eyewitness describes it.

2.) Examine everything: leaving no stone unturned. Take in the complete appearance of the location, even taking a couple of photographs. Make sure to use a scale system when photographing something, like measuring a weed the creature stood by or place an associate in the frame, etc.

Check out the entire area for signs of activity or even the lack of activity. Take note of structures, foliage, waterways and vehicles, whatever is found at or by the scene, record it all.

3.) Support your Evidence: this is a biggy. Look for area disturbance, same or like history, search the perimeter and when possible double document. Obtain police reports; if any personal injury or property damage was done a police report must exist and is public record that is assuming the police were called of course. If no report was filed with the local police still go visit the station to get an officers name and statement, even if that statement consists of the all too often remarks, "no comment" or "it wasn't reported", this will confirm your attempt.

When scanning an area do not simply look for beastly tracks, this means little. Debunkers use the lack of tracks found as an assumption nothing walked where the witness stated it did. I have gone to large shopping malls and not seen one human foot print but have noticed at least 2000 human beings shopping side by side. Look deeper, look for bent foliage, gnawed grass, hair, feathers, anything out of the ordinary.

History of an entire location may reveal a lot, now we are not just talking about local folklore, although this too needs investigated but again dig deeper. Go to the library and/or web to find information of the locations past, sometimes this simple search may add a lot to the understanding or support of the event.

Search the perimeter, visit the neighbors, most are all too willing to tell their story. Some locals may reveal such information most investigators choose to ignore. I have gathered information such as a pet panther living in the neighborhood while tracking a large dark puma sighting or a petting zoo where wallaby's had escaped, which have explained a leaping animal in the woods.

A recent case I was called to in southeast Kentucky of a phantom attacker terrorizing an elderly couple had claims of a large winged figure standing on top of an old shed making strange bird-like sounds. Even a neighbor and daughter of the couple had seen the shed-figure on at least one late night occasion. When I personally inspected the rear of the shed I found markings of paint scrapped off the shed at about 7 feet high and an odd indentation in the ground 4 feet from the base of the shed. Looking further behind the structure, laying in some weeds was a 2 by 10 board that matched the marks exactly when propped up against the rear wall. Climbing atop the shed, a Hershey's candy bar wrapper was found neatly tucked in the rain gutter. Then I scanned the area below and could see a path through the tall weeds that led to another house, following the path revealed a rather large teenage boy, which admitted to the prank even showing me his cape and broken duck call that made a unique, piercing sound. When asked why the teen did it, he stated, "I was bored." The moral of this story, "Check out the complete perimeter."

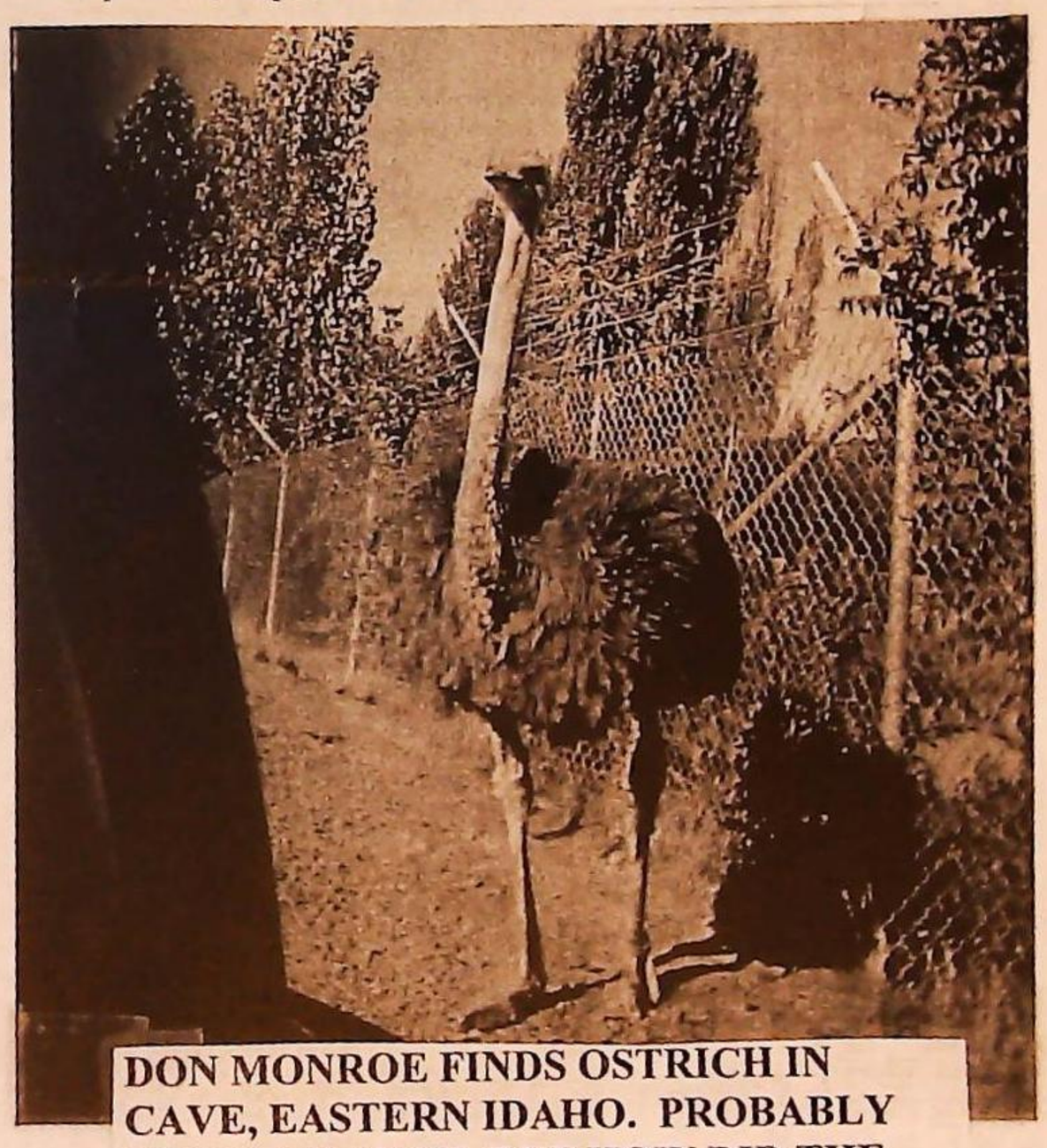
Double document, take notes and photographs, tape record if allowed and know how to retrieve a good plaster cast when possible. Speak to all of the witnesses, individually if feasible and search for other witnesses. Then re-interview the witnesses months or even years later. Many times this type of updating may reveal a hoax or add important testimony that escaped the witness at the time of the incident. Other advantages to the re-interview may give the researcher added information or verification of the event. Unlike lightning, these odd encounters do seem to strike the same individuals twice.

Supporting evidence takes many forms as does non-supporting evidence. As simple and obvious as this statement is on the surface it finds many experts and witnesses perplexed as to what supporting evidence truly is, but first lets look at what non-supporting evidence is thus actually answering two questions with this one line of thought.

Non-supporting evidence encompasses all assumptions. Evidence is not items brought forward with thoughts that it must fit. It is not a method of elimination thus arriving at a conclusion. No, in the world of the unexplained negatives cannot add to positives. Example; seeing an unknown creature that does not look like a dog, cat, rabbit or squirrel does not add up to a Cryptid, yet this is how many witnesses sum it up. Be very careful before leaping from the known to the extreme unknown.

Another error often noticed are non-supporting pieces of said to be evidence tagged "exhibit A" that are no more related to the event as my left sock. These exhibits usual include but are not limited to such things as folklore, dreams, legends and even commercial products claimed as evidence. Yes you read right, commercial products; these old photos or sketches brought fore as evidence to support sightings or strange encounters with an unknown history and no knowledge of its origin or maker are absurd, science is not guesses -- theory it is, and should be clearly stated as such.

4.) Record all Testimony: never count on your memory, write it down, better yet tape record it at the time or at the very least as you are leaving the scene. Do not rule out anyone's testimony at anytime, even if it does not seem to fit, and do not add or subtract from a testimony, ever! Do not coach or lead the witness, let the witness speak and describe events in their terms, at their pace, your job is only to record and clarify. Besides gathering basic information, the testimony when studied may hold secrets to a pattern, flap, or reveal a hoax.



DON MONROE FINDS OSTRICH IN CAVE, EASTERN IDAHO. PROBABLY FROM A RANCH, BUT HOW DID THE CORPSE GET INTO THE TIGHT FITTING HOLE IN THE CAVE? (SEE LETTER)

An atheist is walking through the forest when Big Foot jumps out at him. As he approaches menacingly, the atheist yells, "Lord, save me!"

Seconds later, a voice rumbles from heaven, "I thought you didn't believe in me."

"Well," the man says, "until a minute ago, I didn't believe in Big Foot either."

Submitted by GREGG PICILLO

AS HE LOOKED TO HIS FAR LEFT,HE SAW LITTLE ONE,S BEHIND A TREE.AN-
D ONE LITTLE ONE CAME CRAWLING OUT TOWARDS VANN,AND A NOTHER ONE
HOLDING IT BACK.IN THE BACK GROUND THERE WAS A LARGE FELMALE.JUST
WATCHING IT ALL..SHE LOOKED TO BE HOLDING A BABY.AS,SHE WATCHED O-
N...AGAIN,THEY WERENT AT ALL AFFAIRD OF VANN,IT SEEMED.BUT!SEEMED
TO BE JUST!WANTING FOOD..THEN!VANN SAW MOVEMENT IN THE FAR BACK
GROUND.MORE OF THE BIGFOOT BEING,S..SO!VANN GOT IN HIS TRUCK,AND
LEFT THE AREA..HE HAS BEEN BACK,LEAVING LETTUCE,AND APPLES.AND,
WHEN HE GOE,S BACK THEY ARE GONE!(C) BY LYLE VANN,2006.

Lyle Vann
2006

LETTER FROM DON MONROE, SHOULD GO WITH PHOTOS ON BACK PAGE OF TRACK RECORD ISSUE #162...DIDN'T HAVE ROOM FOR IT AT THE TIME

July 6, 2006 -
Monroe / Roseman
To: Ray Crowe.

Hello Ray,

Burning the midnight oil. Enclosed find incredable photos of recent discoveries late June, early July, 2006, Idaho / Montana border proxcimities. Photos first of the left over large putrified bones of an Ostrich found 1/4 mile plus underground in an Idaho cave, "in a location of the cave where it was face down a lot crawling in the dirt much of the way like a snake, while next scraping off the top of your head while coughing dust into another partners crawl space,etc." How this strange big bird came to be there is the sixty dollar question? Pondering that, consider next, the "IMPOSSIBLE to believe," huge 24" photo of a plaster foot casting of what will be no doubt the largest Bigfoot foot print known ever to me! "Not to say this cast is conclusve... But ONLY TO SAY, yes, we took the cast and can't believe it possible ourselves, but it remains to be there never the less! NOTE: Two adament Idaho doctors of anatomy (chroipractors) atist that the validy of the cast that evedences all proper proportions of the foot / "everything necessary to lead to belief that this cast of the very huge BIG FOOT is the real thing believe it or not! (?)" Well, I took the cast of the darn thing, taking me all of two hours time, and I / WE are having a very hard time to consider it conclusive evedence in spite of the fact that there were with it two others. The cast includes the five toes, one broken (small toe), a mid tarsel break in the foot proper place of the tarsel, a seven inch heal that is proportional to all other said plaster casting existing considering each example of comparrisons, and a well defined foot arch is evedent, as well as the fact of a proper foot anatomy,etc. What can we believe? What do Ron Rosemen and I really believe? In the first place, NO ONE in Idaho (this locatation) has one twit of enough knoledge of crypto anatomy to had remotely hoaxed such an anomoly.

"There is no foot track like this foot track any where near this foot track, so this must be the foot track!" Bigfooters, we are

confused... Help???? To bad about the TRACK RECORD going down Ray... "It was the best little book in the West!" All readers will miss you Ray... Would like to help save the Track Record, but how? -Advise.
Don Monroe -

More:

"The Beauty of Ravens and women. Similar in some ways as attitudes go... both have shinney eyes!"

- Theada Crow -

Theada Cave was visited and named first time by our crew 2004, named "Theada" in respect for the late Theada Crow wife of Ray Crow president of the Western Bigfoot Society now sadly disbanding after many great years of education and comoradery between a select small tribe of exciting people and contacts. June 2006 Ron Roseman with me visiting Theda Cave captured a large Raven Chick that had fallen out from an over head cave interence nest pictured in the photo sent, and that exciting and beauitiful bird is now about ready to take flight after what has been several weeks of "Roseman as an unsuspected Mother Hen if I ever saw one." We named the Ravin "Theda" as it has the spirt and expectations to be a unique one of a kind bird in a confused world of the common bird exactly as Theda Crow was a very special person and a friend to all of the Western Bigfoot Wanderlings. Ray, note the net, Ron with caver John Doeitch both fasinated as if each Frank Buck. Lets go get them 2007. Don -

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